# Gluonic GPDs of the nucleon

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# Nuclear Modification of Nucleon Structure



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## **Gluonic Structure**

- Past 60+ years: detailed view of quark structure of nucleons
- Gluonic structure (beyond gluon density) relatively unexplored
- Electron-Ion Collider
- Priority in 2015 long range plan
- "Understanding the glue that binds us all"
- Propose: LQCD calculations to inform EIC development



Cover image from EIC whitepaper arXiv::1212.1701



## **Gluonic Transversity**

#### Double helicity flip structure function $\Delta(x,Q^2)$

- Purely gluonic observable: ideal goal for EIC
- No mixing with quark observables
- Hadrons: Gluonic Transversity
- Nuclei: Exotic Glue
  - fwd limit: gluons not associated with individual nucleons in nucleus
  - operator in nucleon = 0 operator in nucleus  $\neq$  0



 $\langle p | \mathcal{O} | p \rangle = 0$  $\langle N, Z | \mathcal{O} | N, Z \rangle \neq 0$ 

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# Proposed Calculations

#### Gluon transversity GFFs of the nucleon

To inform development of EIC (ca 2025), need completely quantified uncertainties on 5-year timescale

#### First calculation

- Need high statistics
- Expectation: access I 3 transversity generalised form factors for lowest moments of transversity GPD

- Uncertainties: 10% stat, 10% sys
- Different irreps: lattice spacing effects
- Two lattice volumes
- No pion mass dependence
- Perturbative renormalisation (talking to M. Constantinou)

$\beta$	$a  [\mathrm{fm}]$	$m_{\pi}  [\text{MeV}]$	$L^3 \times T$	$N_{\rm cfg}$	$N_{\rm src}$	Cost/inversion [K20 hours	] Total Cost [K20 hours]
6.1	0.117(2)	450	$24^3 \times 64$	2000	256	0.33	$1.69 \times 10^{5}$
6.1	0.117(2)	450	$32^3 \times 96$	2000	128	0.8	$2.05{ imes}10^5$

# Preliminary Work

Gluon transversity in  $\phi$  meson [W Detmold & PES PRD 94 (2016), 014507, 1703.08220]

- First moment in  $\varphi$  meson (simplest spin-1 system,  $\rightarrow$  nucleons, nuclei)
- Lattice details: clover fermions, Lüscher-Weisz gauge action

L/a	T/a	$\beta$	$am_l$	$am_s$
24	64	6.1	-0.2800	-0.2450
a (fm)	L (fm)	T (fm)	$m_\pi$ (MeV)	$m_K$ (MeV)
0.1167(16)	2.801(29)	7.469(77)	450(5)	596(6)
$m_{\phi}$ (MeV)	$m_{\pi}L$	$m_{\pi}T$	$N_{ m cfg}$	$N_{ m src}$
1040(3)	6.390	17.04	1042	$10^{5}$

- Many systematics not addressed (yet)!
  - Quark mass effects
- Discretisation

Volume effects

Renormalisation

#### Gluonic Generalised Form Factors

#### Off-forward matrix elements are complicated

Eg: moments of  $\Delta(x,Q^2)$  related to many form factors  $\left\langle p'E' \left| S \left[ G_{\mu\mu_1} \overset{\leftrightarrow}{D}_{\mu_3} \dots \overset{\leftrightarrow}{D}_{\mu_n} G_{\nu\mu_2} \right] \right| pE \right\rangle$  $= \sum_{\mu \in \mathcal{A}} \left\{ A_{1,m-3}^{(n)}(t,\mu^2) S\left[ (P_{\mu}E_{\mu_1} - E_{\mu}P_{\mu_1})(P_{\nu}E_{\mu_2}^{\prime*} - E_{\nu}^{\prime*}P_{\mu_2}) \Delta_{\mu_3} \dots \Delta_{\mu_{m-1}}P_{\mu_m} \dots P_{\mu_n} \right] \right\}$ +  $A_{2,m-3}^{(n)}(t,\mu^2) S \left[ (\Delta_{\mu} E_{\mu_1} - E_{\mu} \Delta_{\mu_1}) (\Delta_{\nu} E_{\mu_2}^{\prime*} - E_{\nu}^{\prime*} \Delta_{\mu_2}) \Delta_{\mu_3} \dots \Delta_{\mu_{m-1}} P_{\mu_m} \dots P_{\mu_n} \right]$  $+A_{3,m-3}^{(n)}(t,\mu^2)S\left[\left((\Delta_{\mu}E_{\mu_1}-E_{\mu}\Delta_{\mu_1})(P_{\nu}E_{\mu_2}^{\prime*}-E_{\nu}^{\prime*}P_{\mu_2})-(\Delta_{\mu}E_{\mu_1}^{\prime*}-E_{\mu}^{\prime*}\Delta_{\mu_1})(P_{\nu}E_{\mu_2}-E_{\nu}P_{\mu_2})\right)\right]$  $\times \Delta_{\mu_3} \dots \Delta_{\mu_{m-1}} P_{\mu_m} \dots P_{\mu_n}$ +  $A_{4,m-3}^{(n)}(t,\mu^2) S \left[ (E_{\mu}E_{\mu_1}^{\prime*} - E_{\mu_1}E_{\mu}^{\prime*})(P_{\nu}\Delta_{\mu_2} - P_{\mu_2}\Delta_{\nu})\Delta_{\mu_3}\dots\Delta_{\mu_{m-1}}P_{\mu_m}\dots P_{\mu_n} \right]$  $+\frac{A_{5,m-3}^{(n)}(t,\mu^2)}{M^2}S\left[\left((E\cdot P)(P_{\mu}\Delta_{\mu_1}-\Delta_{\mu}P_{\mu_1})(\Delta_{\nu}E_{\mu_2}^{\prime*}-E_{\nu}^{\prime*}\Delta_{\mu_2})\right]\right]$ +  $(E'^* \cdot P)(P_{\mu}\Delta_{\mu_1} - \Delta_{\mu}P_{\mu_1})(\Delta_{\nu}E_{\mu_2} - E_{\nu}\Delta_{\mu_2}))\Delta_{\mu_3}\dots\Delta_{\mu_{m-1}}P_{\mu_m}\dots P_{\mu_n}]$  $+\frac{A_{6,m-3}^{(n)}(t,\mu^2)}{M^2}S\left[\left((E\cdot P)(P_{\mu}\Delta_{\mu_1}-\Delta_{\mu}P_{\mu_1})(P_{\nu}E_{\mu_2}^{\prime*}-E_{\nu}^{\prime*}P_{\mu_2})\right)\right]$  $- (E'^* \cdot P) (P_{\mu} \Delta_{\mu_1} - \Delta_{\mu} P_{\mu_1}) (P_{\nu} E_{\mu_2} - E_{\nu} P_{\mu_2})) \Delta_{\mu_3} \dots \Delta_{\mu_{m-1}} P_{\mu_m} \dots P_{\mu_n}]$  $+\frac{A_{7,m-3}^{(n)}(t,\mu^2)}{M^2}(E'^*\cdot E)S\left[(P_{\mu}\Delta_{\mu_1}-\Delta_{\mu}P_{\mu_1})(P_{\nu}\Delta_{\mu_2}-\Delta_{\nu}P_{\mu_2})\Delta_{\mu_3}\dots\Delta_{\mu_{m-1}}P_{\mu_m}\dots P_{\mu_n}\right]$  $+\frac{A_{8,m-3}^{(n)}(t,\mu^2)}{M^4}(E\cdot P)(E^{\prime*}\cdot P)S\left[(P_{\mu}\Delta_{\mu_1}-\Delta_{\mu}P_{\mu_1})(P_{\nu}\Delta_{\mu_2}-\Delta_{\nu}P_{\mu_2})\Delta_{\mu_3}\dots\Delta_{\mu_{m-1}}P_{\mu_m}\dots P_{\mu_n}\right]\Big\}$ 

#### Gluonic Generalised Form Factors

Off-forward matrix elements are complicated

Eg: moments of  $\Delta(x,Q^2)$  related to many form factors  $\left\langle p'E' \left| S \left[ G_{\mu\mu_1} \overset{\leftrightarrow}{D}_{\mu_3} \dots \overset{\leftrightarrow}{D}_{\mu_n} G_{\nu\mu_2} \right] \right| pE \right\rangle$  $=\sum_{\substack{m \text{ odd} \\ m=3}} \left\{ A_{1,m-3}^{(n)}(t,\mu^2) S \left[ (P_{\mu}E_{\mu_1} - E_{\mu}P_{\mu_1})(P_{\nu}E_{\mu_2}^{\prime*} - E_{\nu}^{\prime*}P_{\mu_2}) \Delta_{\mu_3} \dots \Delta_{\mu_{m-1}}P_{\mu_m} \dots P_{\mu_n} \right] \right\}$ +  $A_{2,m-3}^{(n)}(t,\mu^2) S \left[ (\Delta_{\mu} E_{\mu_1} - E_{\mu} \Delta_{\mu_1}) (\Delta_{\nu} E_{\mu_2}^{\prime*} - E_{\nu}^{\prime*} \Delta_{\mu_2}) \Delta_{\mu_3} \dots \Delta_{\mu_{m-1}} P_{\mu_m} \dots P_{\mu_n} \right]$  $\alpha \left[ \left( (\Delta_{\mu} E_{\mu_1}) \right] \right]$  $E'^* = E'^* \Lambda_{...} (P_{..}E_{...} - E_{\nu}P_{\mu_2})$ Many gluonic GFFs:  $+ A_{4,m-3}^{(n)}(t,\mu^2) S$ Extract from +  $\frac{A_{5,m-3}^{(n)}(t,\mu^2)}{M^2}S [((E \cdot P)(P_{\mu}\Delta$ complicated systems  $+ (E'^* \cdot P)(P_{\mu})$  $P_{\mu_n}]$  $+\frac{A_{6,m-3}^{(n)}(t,\mu^2)}{M^2}S\left[((P \cdot P)(P_{\mu})_{\mu_1} - \Delta_{\mu}P_{\mu_1})(P_{\nu}E_{\mu_2}'^* - E_{\nu}'^*P_{\mu_2})\right]$  $+\frac{A_{7,m-3}^{(n)}(t,\mu^2)}{M^2}(E'^* E)S\left[(P_{\mu}\Delta_{\mu_1} - \Delta_{\mu}P_{\mu_1})(P_{\nu}\Delta_{\mu_2} - E_{\nu}P_{\mu_2})\Delta_{\mu_3}\dots\Delta_{\mu_{m-1}}P_{\mu_m}\dots P_{\mu_n}\right]$  $+\frac{A_{8,m-3}^{(n)}(t,\mu^2)}{M^4}(E\cdot P)(E^{\prime*}\cdot P)S\left[(P_{\mu}\Delta_{\mu_1}-\Delta_{\mu}P_{\mu_1})(P_{\nu}\Delta_{\mu_2}-\Delta_{\nu}P_{\mu_2})\Delta_{\mu_3}\dots\Delta_{\mu_{m-1}}P_{\mu_m}\dots P_{\mu_n}\right]\Big\}$ 

## Gluon Transversity GFFs

#### One GFF can be resolved



# Spin-Indep. Gluon GFFs

Three GFFs can be resolved (not safe from mixing with quark ops.)



#### Nuclear Modification of Nucleon Structure





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#### Nuclear Modification of Nucleon Structure

European Muon Collaboration (1983):

Modification of per-nucleon cross section of nucleons bound in nuclei

Precise understanding of nuclear targets essential for DUNE expt: extraction of neutrino mass hierarchy, mixing parameters Ratio of structure function F2 per nucleon for iron and deuterium

$$F_2(x,Q^2) = \sum_{q=u,d,s..} x z_q^2 \left[ q(x,Q^2) + \bar{q}(x,Q^2) \right]$$



# 2016-2017 Highlights

#### Weak nuclear processes

- Matrix element determining  $pp \rightarrow de^+ \nu$  fusion cross-section
  - Muon capture reaction (MuSun)
  - Neutrino breakup reaction (SnO)
- Gamow-Teller matrix element in tritium
  - Multi-body contributions to decay rates of nuclei
  - Two-neutrino double-beta decay matrix element





## Background field approach

Fixed magnetic field  $\rightarrow$  moments, polarisabilities Fixed axial background field  $\rightarrow$  axial charges, other matrix elts.

Construct correlation functions from propagators modified in field

compound propagator constant  $S_{\lambda}^{(q)}(x,y) = S^{(q)}(x,y) + \lambda_q \int dz \, S^{(q)}(x,z) \, \gamma_3 \gamma_5 \, S^{(q)}(z,y)$ 



## Background field approach



### Proton-proton fusion



EFT parameter dictating fusion rate Extrapolate,  $\frac{L_{1,A}^{sd-2b}}{Z_A} = -0.011(1)(15) \longrightarrow \text{predict physical}$ cross-section

#### Second order weak interactions

NPLQCD arXiv:1701.03456, 1702.02929

Background axial field to second order  $nn \rightarrow pp$  transition matrix element  $M_{GT}^{2\nu} = 6 \int d^4x d^4y \langle pp | T \left[ J_3^+(x) J_3^+(y) \right] | nn \rangle$ 

many technical LQCD complications similar to RBC  $K_L - K_S$  mixing work 1406.0916



Non-negligible deviation from long distance deuteron intermediate state contribution





#### Second order weak interactions

NPLQCD arXiv:1701.03456, 1702.02929

Non-negligible deviation from long distance deuteron intermediate state contribution

$$M_{GT}^{2\nu} = -\frac{|M_{pp\to d}|^2}{E_{pp} - E_d} + \beta_A^{(I=2)}$$

Potentially significant previously-neglected contribution

TBD: connect to EFT for larger systems





## Proposed Calculations

Lowest moments of isovector quark and gluon distributions in light nuclei (~15% uncertainty at  $m_{\pi}$  ~ 800 MeV and  $m_{\pi}$  ~ 450 MeV)

- Background field technique with twist-2 operator insertions
- Show how EMC effect emerges from interactions between nucleons
- Re-use two point functions, negligible additional cost:
   Predict gluonic analogue of EMC effect: benchmark for EIC program

TASK	Lattice Dimensions	β	$m_{\pi}$ (MeV)	# of sources	# of calls	KNL Time [KNL-Hrs]	CPU Time $[J/\psi \text{ core-Hrs}]$
A: Inversions	$32^3 \times 96$	6.1	450	$1.3 \times 10^{5}$	$18 \times 1.3 \times 10^5$	$2.03  imes 10^5$	-
A: Block Production	$32^3 \times 96$	6.1	450	$1.3  imes 10^5$	$103 \times 1.3 \times 10^5$	$2.82  imes 10^5$	-
A: Contractions	$32^3 \times 96$	6.1	450	$1.3  imes 10^5$	$103 \times 1.3 \times 10^5$	-	$6.9  imes 10^6$
B: Inversions	$32^3 \times 48$	6.1	806	$1.3 \times 10^{5}$	$18 \times 1.3 \times 10^5$	$1.24 \times 10^{5}$	-
<b>B: Block Production</b>	$32^3 \times 48$	6.1	806	$1.3  imes 10^5$	$103 \times 1.3 \times 10^5$	$2.82  imes 10^5$	-
B: Contractions	$32^3 \times 48$	6.1	806	$1.3  imes 10^5$	$103 \times 1.3 \times 10^{5}$	-	$6.9  imes 10^{6}$
Total Request:						$8.91 \times 10^5$	$13.8\times10^{6}$